HEAT TREATMENT INVESTIGATION OF THE AISi10Mg ALLOY PRODUCED BY SELECTIVE LASER MELTING (SLM): MICROSTRUCTURE AND HARDNESS

I. Rosenthal^{1*}, A. Stern^{1,2}

 ¹Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Materials Engineering Department P.O Box 653, Beer Sheva, 8410501, Israel
 ²Afeka Tel Aviv Academic College of Engineering, Tel Aviv-Yafo, 6910717, Israel *Corresponding author's e-mail address: idanros@post.bgu.ac.il

ABSTRACT

Additive manufacturing has been established as a promising new technology, incorporated in many applications, in the focus of many researches. A major aspect of the Selective Laser Melting process involves the need for suitable heat treatments since a high degree of stress arises in the built components originating from the fast movement of the laser and the high local cooling rates. In order to overcome this issue, a well-known stress relief process (2 hours at 300°C) is applied as the common treatment in all built products. However, this treatment comes at the expense of mechanical properties attained during the building process. Thus, this work was performed to enhance the understanding of postprocessing T5 heat treatments behaviour of AlSi10Mg samples produced by the currently commercially available AM-SLM processes, as well as to investigate the possibility of modifying the existing treatment to yield improved mechanical properties without significantly changing the microstructure. A series of heat treatments were conducted in the range of 100°C-300°C and a T5 treatment of 2 hours at 200°C in particular showed a noticeable increase in hardness values due to precipitation / coarsening of the Si phase. Further mechanical testing will be conducted in order to validate the suggested T5 treatment as a viable possible alternative.

KEYWORDS: additive manufacturing, AlSi10Mg alloy, microstructure, hardness, heat treatment.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank N. Frage from BGU for the fruitful discussions. We would also like to thank Sharon Tuvia (1982) Ltd. for providing the facilities and materials for this research. We also want to thank Roxana Golan from BGU for her assistance with the HRSEM images. The investigation was supported by Research Grant 2022851 of Ministry of Science Technology and Space.

REFERENCES

[1] Olakanmi E.O., Cochrane R.F., Dalgarno K.W., A review on selective laser sintering/melting (SLS/SLM) of aluminium alloy powders: Processing, microstructure, and properties, Progress in Material Science, 74, 2015, pp. 401–477.

[2] Wu J., Wang X.Q., Wang W., Attallah M.M., Loretto M.H., Microstructure and strength of selectively laser melted AlSi10Mg, Acta Materialia, vol. 117, 2016, pp. 311-320.

[3] Read N., Wang W., Essa K., Attallah M.M., Selective laser melting of AlSi10Mg alloy: process optimisation and mechanical properties development, Mater. Des. 65, 2015, pp. 417-424.

[4] Thijs L., Kempen K., Kruth J. P., Van Humbeeck J., Fine-structured aluminum products with controllable texture by selective laser melting of pre-alloyed AlSi10Mg powder, Acta Materialia 61 2013, pp. 1809-1819.

[5] Caceres C.H., Davidson C.J., Griffiths J.R., The deformation and fracture behavior of an Al-Si-Mg casting alloy, Material Science and Engineering: A, Vol. 197, 1995, pp. 171-179.

[6] Rosenthal I., Stern A., Frage N., Microstructure and Mechanical Properties of AlSi10Mg Parts Produced by the Laser Beam Additive Manufacturing (AM), Technology, Metallography. Microstruct., Anal., 3, 2014, pp. 448-453.

[7] Rosenthal I., Sharon R., Shwartzman Z., Stern A., Hatching Strategy: 3D Visualization Model for Powder Bed Based Additive Manufacturing with Focused Beams, Annals of Dunarea de Jos University of Galati, Fascicle XII, Welding Equipment and Technology., 25, 2014, pp. 13-18.

[\hat{B}] **Mower T.M., Long M.J.,** *Mechanical behavior of additive manufactured, powder-bed laser-fused materials*, Material Science and Engineering: A, Vol. 651, 2016, pp. 198–213.

[9] Mertens A., Dedry O., Reuter D., Rigo O., Lecomte-Beckers J. Mechanical behavior of additive manufactured, powder-bed laser-fused materials, Thermal Treatments of AlSi10Mg Processed by Laser Beam Melting, Proceedings of the 26th International Solid Freeform Fabrication Symposium, Austin, USA, 2015, pp. 1007-1016.

[10] Holesinger T.G., Carpenter J.S., Lienert T.J., Patterson B.M., Papin P.A., Swenson H., Cordes N.L., Characterization of an Aluminum Alloy Hemispherical Shell Fabricated via Direct Metal Laser Melting, JOM, vol. 68, 2016, DOI: 10.1007/s11837-015-1798-5.
[11] Tang M., Pistorius P.C., Narra S., Beuth J.L., Rapid Solidification: Selective Laser Melting of AlSi10Mg, JOM, vol. 68, 2016, pp. 960-966.

Annals of "Dunarea de Jos" University, Fascicle XII Welding Equipment and Technology, Vol. 27 (Year XXVII) [12] Rosenthal I., Tiferet E., Ganor, M, Stern A, Post-Processing of AM-SLM AlSi10Mg Specimens: Mechanical Properties and Fracture Behaviour, Annals of "Dunarea de Jos" University of Galati, Fascicle XII, Welding Equipment and Technology, Vol. 26, 2015, pp. 33-38.
[13] *** EOS GmbH – Electro Optical Systems. Material data sheet: EOS Aluminium AlSi10Mg, www.eos.info, München 2014.
[14] Tang M., Pistorius P.C., Oxides, porosity and fatigue performance of AlSi10Mg parts produced by selective laser melting, International Journal of Fatigue, 2016, DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijfatigue.2016.06.002.